

Showers Sunday, except fair in north-west portion; Monday, fair; moderate winds, mostly southwest and west.

200 BLOCKS IN NEW ORLEANS FLOODED

Drainage System Not Sufficient to Carry Off Excessive Rainfall.

STREET CAR SERVICE ANNULLED IN PORTION OF RESIDENCE SECTION AND TRANSPORTATION IS BY BOATS, RAFTS AND WAGONS.—ENGINEERS EXPRESS CONFIDENCE THAT THE LEVEES WILL CONTINUE TO HOLD.

By Associated Press. New Orleans, May 11.—A full day of sunshine and a starlit, cloudless sky tonight gives hope to the army of levee protectors, and with the exception of Baton Rouge, where the right to hold the embankment along the river front is still critical, the engineers expressed confidence in the continued resisting power of the levees.

The excessive rainfall yesterday and last night taxed the drainage system here beyond its capacity and tonight two hundred blocks in the upper residential section are still flooded with rain water to a depth of from four to twenty inches. One section this morning was from six inches to two feet deep in water. Street car service in this section has been annulled and transportation is by boats, rafts and wagons.

The few places in the city where the water dashed over the levees last night were repaired today. FRIGHTFUL EXPERIENCE. Never a brighter day followed a darker night in New Orleans and the southern half of Louisiana. Last night's torrential rain, hail, thunder, lightning and high winds and the scenes of confusion and alarm that marked the coincident concern over the threatening conditions was followed today by a hot, burning sunshine.

There was alarm last night all along the river for it seemed that the elements had combined in one final desperate assault upon the breastworks that had been thrown up to protect lives and property against the record-smashing floods of the great Mississippi river.

It was an uneven and almost hopeless battle of man against the armament of heaven and no one could say what the final result would be. Rain came down in sheets, a veritable deluge from Natchez south, the gulf. Lightning, like the hammer of God, fell here and there, and the clouds came lower and lower and seemed to open wider their flood-gates, and the roaring thunder seemed to urge still more assaults. The wind blew almost a gale, the tops of the Mississippi levees were washed by the waters of the river and in many places muddy streams flowed threateningly over the protection earthworks.

After four hours the onslaught of the elements relaxed and today the levees were holding firm all along the line. "If they can withstand last night's fierce attack," said Captain C. O. Sherrill, chief of the United States army engineers, "we are inspired to hope that we will yet be able to prevent any further disastrous crevasse in the threatened territory south of Texas."

CONDITIONS PANICKY. From scores of towns, telephone messages told of conditions almost bordering on panic, where hordes of frightened people left frame dwellings and sought safety in brick and stone buildings. Hundreds living in districts up the river considered unsafe by the United States army officers, who had refused to heed warnings and leave their homes, changed their minds when the storm came and an exodus began for the concentration camps.

Many places reported as much as four to six inches of rainfall within about four hours, ending at 10 o'clock last night. Flooding towns and villages and causing the inhabitants to flee at many places. At the Chief Justice White, the federal commander-in-chief, the latter had advanced nearly thirty miles.

Huerta at daybreak today was near Personal and his outposts were pitched northward toward Concho. Bringing up the rear are the forces of General Rabajo, while off toward the north-west near Sierra Mojada, Gen. Trucy Aubert with 4,000 men threatens to come due east to Escalon to flank the main body of the insurgents under Orozco. The federal forces now number nearly 10,000 men and latest estimates give Orozco several thousand fighters. With reserves, it is estimated that altogether about 18,000 men are spread over the barren plains of desert sand within a radius of 75 miles.

The moon illuminated the region most of the night and the government troops kept cautiously watching the movements of the rebels.

Shortage of water and food and general unsanitary conditions are having effect on both armies. Fever among the soldiers is prevalent. Maneuvers of the last twenty-four hours indicate that General Salazar, the rebel officer next in command to Orozco, was driven back and closely pushed by General Aubert all the way from Cuatro Gienegas to Sierra Mojada.

Salazar fled back to Orozco's base at Escalon and it was reported at the

GOVERNOR WILSON HAS YOUNG MANAGER



William F. McCombs

William McCombs, the youngest man who ever managed a national candidacy, is heading the movement to win the Democratic presidential nomination for Governor Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey. After graduating from Princeton University and the Harvard law school, Mr. McCombs entered political work in New York city and has since gained a national reputation as a lawyer and as a member of the National Democratic Club. Mr. McCombs' faith in Governor Wilson's cause is so strong that, for the present, he has put his law practice aside and is giving his entire time to the management of the campaign he has inaugurated.

GEN. OROZCO HOLDS BALANCE POWER

Gen. Gomez Flees From Mexico and the Money Power Behind Revolution Must Court Orozco.

By Associated Press. Juarez, Mexico, May 11.—General Orozco, the rebel leader, tonight holds the balance of power in the Mexican revolution. Though Orozco with seven thousand men is facing the federal army that is pressing him towards the border, the outcome of the battle is uncertain.

The developments of today were the abdication of Emilio Vazquez Gomez of the provisional presidency, which he assumed a week ago, and the indication that the money interests behind the revolution must continue to court Orozco.

Gomez fled today to the United States and was located in a border house near El Paso. He declined to make a statement.

Personal and other towns occupied by the liberal forces within the week have been evacuated to the federalists. The fact became known at 4 o'clock this morning when a telegraph interview was arranged between Gen. Joaquin Torres at the staff headquarters of the federal troops north of Bermejo and an Associated Press representative here. It was learned that since early yesterday morning when communication was established with the headquarters of Gen. Victoriano Huerta, the federal commander-in-chief, the latter had advanced nearly thirty miles.

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TESTIMONY OF SCRANTON MAN CONTRADICTED

Witness Declares That Judge Archbald Was "Not In" on Option Deal.

JOHN HENRY JONES, PROMOTER, SAYS THE JUDGE ENDORSED A NOTE FOR HIM OUT OF THE FULLNESS OF HIS HEART, AND THAT LATER HE GAVE THE JURIST \$250—MUCH CONTRADICTORY EVIDENCE GIVEN.

By Associated Press. Washington, May 11.—John Henry Jones, of Scranton, Penn., promoter, denied today before the house judiciary committee, investigating charges of misconduct against Judge Robert W. Archbald, of the commerce court, the testimony of Edward J. Williams, that the jurist had given Jones a note for five hundred dollars for his share in an option on Venezuelan timber lands. Jones declared the note was endorsed by Archbald "out of fullness of his heart" to help him promote the deal, and that the jurist never had an interest in the option and that he made the judge a present of \$250 later out of a commission he made in the sale of the culm bank (coal).

Jones said he gave Archbald a part of his commission because he favored him in endorsing the note. Much other conflicting testimony was given to the committee. Williams contradicted himself several times and got the record so confused he will be recalled next week. The committee resumes the hearing Monday.

The committee submitted to Williams a series of photographic copies of papers in evidence containing his signature. Williams admitted that the signatures on the papers were his, but declared he could not remember having signed them.

W. F. Boland, of Scranton, produced before the committee the original of the assignment contract containing his name and that of the "silent partner" which was said the other day referred to Judge Archbald. When shown this, Williams said he did not remember ever signing the contract, but he admitted his signature.

Williams also contradicted statements previously he had made to Assistant Attorney General Whisler Brown to the effect that when he went to see Captain May, of the Erie railroad to negotiate an option on the culm banks, (coal) he told Captain May that Judge Archbald was to have an interest in the option.

Counsel for Archbald sought to establish that W. F. Boland, who made the charges against the jurist, had set a trap.

ALLEN TESTIFIES IN OWN BEHALF

Declares That He Did Not Draw His Revolver Until After He Had Been Shot by Deputy.

By Associated Press. Wytheville, Va., May 11.—Floyd Allen, on trial charged with the murder of Prosecutor Foster in the Carroll county court house tragedy, took the stand today in his own defense and charged that Sheriff L. F. Webb fired his pistol at him and that Clerk of the Court Dexter Goad also shot at him before he (Allen) reached for his pistol.

"I happened to see Clerk Goad wink at Sheriff Webb," declared Allen, "and I saw both of them take out their revolvers. Then I rose up from my chair and said, 'Gentlemen, I'm not a-going.' I had a paper in my hand and I started to put it in my inside coat pocket. Then Sheriff Webb fired. He missed me. Clerk Goad fired next, hitting me in the hip, and I fell on Judge Bolen, my counsel."

Allen declared he did not get his pistol out of his pocket until after he had been shot himself. The only man he shot at in the court room, he said, was Deputy Clerk Quisenberry.

PRESSMEN STRIKE ON HEARST'S PAPER

Atlanta Georgia Failed to Get Out Noon Edition, but Appeared on the Streets Later in Day.

By Associated Press. Atlanta, May 11.—The union web pressmen on the Atlanta Georgian struck today, acting on a strike order said to have been issued from Chicago by President Berry of the international union.

The Georgian missed the noon edition, but appeared as usual late in the afternoon. The action of the pressmen here is in sympathy with the strikers on Hearst's Chicago papers. The men acknowledge they had no grievance against the local paper. The three local papers agreed to stand together in case of trouble.

PRESIDENT SIGNS THE PENSION BILL

It Carries an Increase of \$35,000,000 For First Year, With an Average of \$22,000,000 for Three Years.

By Associated Press. Washington, May 11.—The president tonight signed the increased pension bill passed by the house and senate. The bill carries an increase of thirty-five million dollars in pensions during the first year of its operation. The first three years it increases the payments to veterans with an average of twenty-two million dollars.

SLEIGHT DAMAGE DONE SHIPPING BY HIGH WINDS

Attained an Extreme Velocity of 76 Miles an Hour, From the Southwest.

STORM WAS UNEXPECTED AND CAME UP SUDDENLY, DRIVING ONE STEAMSHIP AND A NUMBER OF BARGES AROUND—WIND REMAINED AT 50 MILES AN HOUR AND OVER FOR NEARLY TWELVE HOURS.

Coming up suddenly and unexpectedly a storm, in which the wind reached an extreme velocity of 76 miles an hour and continued above fifty miles an hour for nearly twelve hours, did some damage along the waterfront early yesterday morning and during the day. One steamship, the Everilda, dragged her anchor and went aground, half a dozen barges were driven on the beach and some timber lost or damaged, while several small boats were swamped and vessels moored at wharves damaged to a slight extent.

The steamer Tarpon was in the Gulf during the worst of the storm, but came into port as usual yesterday morning, being a little late, but suffered no damage.

The storm was preceded by a rain, the fall from 6:30 p. m. to 3:05 a. m. being 1.20 inches.

The wind did not reach a high velocity until early in the morning and then came up suddenly. At 10 a. m. it was blowing 12 miles an hour, but within less than 50 minutes this had increased to 39 miles. At 2 o'clock the velocity was 39 miles, and at 2:45 it was blowing 46 miles an hour from the southwest. The maximum velocities between the hours up to noon yesterday were as follows:

1 to 2 a. m.—39 miles.
2 to 3 a. m.—76 miles.
3 to 4 a. m.—38 miles.
4 to 5 a. m.—66 miles.
5 to 6 a. m.—46 miles.
6 to 7 a. m.—39 miles.
7 to 8 a. m.—38 miles.
8 to 9 a. m.—56 miles.
9 to 10 a. m.—56 miles.
10 to 11 a. m.—56 miles.
11 to 12 a. m.—50 miles.

STEAMER STILL AGROUND.

Six harbor tug boats went out early in the afternoon to the steamer Everilda and spent the afternoon endeavoring to float the vessel, which grounded broadside between Barcelona and Perico wharves. Just before daylight the tug succeeded in moving the steamer about and pointing her south, but she seemed to stick as hard as ever in that position and the task was given up for the night and will be resumed today.

The vessel is to take a cargo of lumber and timber by the Keyser-Muldon company, a small portion of which has been lost.

Several barks dragged their anchors during the blow, but did not ground.

Fishing boats, especially those engaged in beach fishing, suffered some loss. It is not thought that the owner, Mr. Pent, with another man, had to swim ashore.

NO BLOW ELSEWHERE.

Pensacola seems to have been the only point where the wind attained a high velocity. Mobile and New Orleans reported only medium winds. Weather Observer Reed yesterday morning issued the following:

"The storm that was centered in southwest Oklahoma Friday morning remained stationary throughout the day; last night it moved into Missouri, increasing in intensity. The greatest wind velocities along the Gulf occurred at Pensacola, where the wind reached seventy-six miles from the southeast at 2:45 a. m. This storm has caused excessive rains in Louisiana, ranging from 2.26 inches at Shreveport to 5.84 inches in 24 hours at New Orleans, an excessive down-pour of 2.62 inches is reported from Des Moines, Iowa; heavy showers have occurred over Illinois, Missouri and Arkansas."

"Rain was falling at 7 a. m. in Iowa, the Lower Lake region, the Ohio valley and western North Carolina. Pressure is high along the North Atlantic coast, where the weather is fair. In the west pressure is generally high, except in southwest Colorado and portions of New Mexico and Arizona. Temperatures have fallen in the Dakotas and Minnesota and southward to the Gulf and skies have cleared in Texas and over most of Louisiana."

GREAT DAMAGE IS DONE BY CYCLONE

It Sweeps Over Tuscaloosa and Other Sections of Alabama, Leaving Death and Desolation in Wake.

By Associated Press. Tuscaloosa, Ala., May 11.—Extensive damage was done by a cyclone here tonight. The city is in darkness, wires are down and communication is difficult. Two negroes are known to have been killed.

The wind and rain was accompanied by a heavy hail storm. Trees were blown down and roofs torn off several small houses.

Greensboro, N. C., May 11.—A wind of cyclonic proportions swept over the central portion of Randolph county this afternoon, doing considerable damage. At Spert two barns were turned over and trees uprooted. Two men were injured when one barn was demolished.

D. H. MAYS WITHDRAWS

THE NEXT CONGRESSMAN FROM THE THIRD DISTRICT



HON. EMMETT WILSON.

Homecoming Reception for Hon. Emmett Wilson

When the campaign and publicity committee of the Emmett Wilson Club met yesterday afternoon to discuss and map out a campaign plan they little knew that their plans would be upset a few minutes later by the news that Congressman Mays had withdrawn from the race and Emmett Wilson would not be forced to make another race. Instead of the plans for a campaign being carried out, President Scott M. Loftin proposed to have a homecoming reception for the Pensacola when he comes to Pensacola Monday night.

No telegraph messages could reach Mr. Wilson last night but Mr. Loftin and his campaign committee busied themselves in making arrangements for the reception on Monday night. It is the intention of Mr. Loftin that all of the loyal supporters of Mr. Wilson in Escambia county take part in the reception Monday night that all may

rejoice in the nomination of the brilliant young orator who will thrill the halls of the national law-making building as he fights for his district and for his people.

At the depot Mr. Wilson will be met by a reception committee and escorted to the court house, where he will make a short speech and an informal reception will be held. The Pensacola Concert Band will be secured and will head the procession from the depot to the court house.

In speaking of the homecoming welcome Mr. Loftin said he hoped all of Mr. Wilson's friends would take part in the welcoming of Mr. Wilson. "The district and Pensacola especially is fortunate indeed," said Mr. Loftin, "to have such a splendid young Democrat as a representative. Pensacola should appreciate the honor that has been bestowed upon one of her noblest sons and turn out to give him a rousing welcome."

WOLGAST FORCED TO FIGHT HARD

Compelled to Extend Himself to the Limit to Get a Four-Round Draw With Willie Ritchie.

By Associated Press. Ringside, San Francisco, May 11.—Ad Wolgast was forced to extend himself to the limit today to get a newspaper draw in the four-round bout with Willie Ritchie. For the first two rounds Ritchie kept the champion on the defense. The champion was staggered in the second round by a long range stab to the chin, but recovered quickly.

Ritchie took the count twice in the third, came back strong and carried the fight to Wolgast in the fourth, when the latter was bleeding profusely from cuts on the face and mouth.

MANY CHINESE ROASTED ALIVE

Angry Tibetans Attacked Quarters on Reading Declaration that Chinese Were Destined to Divine Punishment

By Associated Press. Victoria, B. C., May 11.—Many Chinese in L'Hassa, the capital of Tibet, were roasted alive during an attack on their quarters by angry Tibetans. In the fighting many were killed on both sides.

The rioting grew out of a declaration by the Llama, who said the Chinese were destined for divine punishment.

News of the fighting was brought here today by a steamer from the Orient.

STEAMER LANES ARE AGAIN CHANGED

Trans-Atlantic Steamers Will Proceed Sixty Miles Southward Owing to Reports of Icebergs.

By Associated Press. Washington, May 11.—The hydrographic office announced the changing of trans-Atlantic steamer lanes to sixty miles southward of the present position as the result of reports of many icebergs. The steamship companies agreed to adopt the new route beginning today.

This change, in connection with those made immediately after the Titanic sank, places the new lanes 230 miles southward of the scene of the disaster.

Emmett Wilson Will Therefore be Next Congressman From Third District.

CONGRESSMAN MAYS DECIDES NOT TO ENTER THE SECOND PRIMARY CAMPAIGN, THUS GIVING THE NOMINATION TO MR. WILSON—THE LATTER COULD NOT BE NOTIFIED OWING TO ALL WIRES BEING DOWN.

Monticello, Fla., May 11, 1912. J. E. Concanan, Pensacola, Fla. Have already withdrawn. Leave at once for Washington. DANNITTE H. MAYS.

The above is a copy of a telegram received by the campaign manager in Escambia county of Congressman Mays, and was confirmed by later news from other sections of the state, Jacksonville, where Mr. Mays received a very large vote, being the first to get information of his withdrawal from the race.

This action on the part of Congressman Mays gives the nomination to Hon. Emmett Wilson, of Pensacola, who led the congressman in the first primary by nearly a thousand votes. Mr. Wilson secured this great lead notwithstanding the fact that Col. W. W. Flournoy, also from West Florida, was in the race and polled a large vote.

Congressman Mays and his supporters feared the same as the supporters of Mr. Wilson—that the latter would not only lose his own strength, but would secure practically all of the vote that went to Col. Flournoy in the first primary.

Congressman Mays has represented the Third district for two terms. He was first elected in a hard fight with J. Walter Kehoe and J. F. C. Griggs, and in the second election he was opposed by only Judge Griggs, and was re-elected.

Mr. Wilson in announcing his candidacy in opposition to Congressman Mays began a vigorous campaign in the district, which gained supporters for him in every county, and his platform was one of the progressive kind and, what the people of the district have been demanding. As a result he was high man in the first primary and will represent the district when the term of Mr. Mays expires.

Mr. Wilson was in Apalachicola last night, where the Third congressional committee met to canvass the returns, and could not be notified of the withdrawal of Mr. Mays, owing to the fact that all wires to that section of the country are down.

ENGLAND IS FACING A LABOR CRISIS

South Wales Coal Miners Dissatisfied With Wages Granted Them by the Minimum Wage Act.

By Associated Press. London, May 11.—Dissatisfaction of South Wales coal miners with the scale of wages granted them has broken down the minimum wage act, recently introduced, and the country is confronted with another labor crisis.

A national conference to review the situation has been called for London next week. The South Wales colliery laborers objected to the decision of the local wages board chairman, which gives less than the five shillings a day which they expected under the new act.

J. BRUCE ISMAY IS IN LIVERPOOL

He Is Greeted by a Large Crowd, but Refuses to Make Any Statement Regarding the Disaster.

By Associated Press. Liverpool, May 11.—Pale and haggard, J. Bruce Ismay, who ordered the construction of the steamer Titanic and escaped when the liner went down, arrived here today from New York. A cordial crowd greeted him.

Mr. Ismay declined to talk to newspaper men. He said he had given a concise statement of the disaster at the Washington investigation and that he expected to testify in the British inquiry.

SCHOOL OF INSTRUCTION.

Atlanta, May 11.—The annual school of instruction for state militia officers will be opened at Fort McPherson next week. "Pupils" from various southern states will attend.

John Grier Hibben Inaugurated President of Princeton University

By Associated Press. Princeton, N. J., May 11.—On the steps of "Old Nassau," first home of the college in New Jersey, John Grier Hibben was inaugurated President of Princeton University today. Six thousand persons witnessed the ceremony. The academic procession, at the head of which were President Taft, President Hibben and Chief Justice White, of the United States supreme court, started from "Prospect," the residence of the Princeton executive. Representatives of other universities and institutions followed and the trustees and faculty of Princeton completed the procession of brilliantly colored hoods and orders. The alumni followed the academic procession. The Princeton undergraduates were

massed in a body around the historic cannon back of Old Nassau. They sang their old college songs as the procession proceeded on its way.

After the procession had taken its place on the platform in front of Nassau Hall, the undergraduates paraded to seats reserved for them.

After prayer by Dr. Henry Van Dyke, Mahlon Pitney, '79, associate justice of the supreme court and trustee of Princeton University, administered the oath of office to President Hibben. John A. Stuart, former president pro tempore of Princeton University, delivered the charter and keys of the university to the new executive, who delivered the inaugural address.

786 of the 1,078 Delegates to the Republican Convention Instructed

By Associated Press. Washington, May 11.—Of the 1,078 delegates who will compose the Republican national convention, 786 had been chosen up to today, according to Roosevelt estimates. Taft workers figured twenty less. Differences have arisen over the Kansas and Maryland situations.

Representative McKinley, head of the Taft campaign, claimed 483 delegates, conceding only 237 to Roosevelt. Roosevelt forces claimed 319 delegates, giving 143 to Taft.

The Roosevelt managers contend that 114 delegates are uninstructed, including 88 from New York, and that 164 are contested. Both campaign committees, in their tables, give Sena-

tor La Follette 26 delegates and Senator Cummins 10.

Preparations for the two weeks battle at Chicago over the seating of contested delegations are being completed.

The delegations instructed for Taft, whose seats will be contested, according to the latest statement from Senator Dixon, are as follows: Alabama, 20; Arkansas, 5; District of Columbia, 2; Florida, 12; Georgia, 26; Indiana, 12; Kentucky, 16; Louisiana, 20; Michigan, 8; Missouri, 22; South Carolina, 4; Tennessee, 14; Virginia, 22.

The 206 delegates to be selected in the coming week include 26 in Texas, 26 in California, 24 in Minnesota, 14 in Washington, 16 in West Virginia and scattering delegations in many other states.